House Price Index Analysis - Affordability and Expectation



Abstract

We seek to deepen our understanding of **Housing Price** Index (HPI) dynamics in various urban contexts, focusing on four cities: Dallas, Denver, Miami, and San Diego. Exploring influential microeconomic criteria, industry-level data, building permits, and categorical variables representing regimes (R2-RD technique) allows us to build a comprehensive analytical model.

We leverage previously developed frameworks by using a 1-Layer Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU) with random search to predict HPI. We identify the importance of integrating lagging and regime-switching mechanisms developed with the HMM model into the GRU, so as to enhance its predictive accuracy for HPI, while also observing performance variability between cities.

We employ the AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) model to backcast data points for city-level HPI, thereby augmenting our dataset.

$$y_t = c + \phi_1 y_{t-1}$$



Objective

We endeavor to gain insights surrounding the factors which influence housing markets in urban settings:

- Develop a more accurate model to actively forecast HPI within and across cities.
- Derive **powerful predictive techniques** within the context of real estate modeling.
- Evaluate **related industry trends** in the automotive and luxury goods spheres.



Model Evaluation

Dallas Train RMSE: 3.1891 Test RMSE: 4.0339 Test R^2: 0.9927

Miami Train RMSE: 10.2503 Test RMSE: 5.3365 Test R^2: 0.9923

Denver Train RMSE: 2.4122 Test RMSE: 5.0714 Test R^2: 0.9937

San Diego Train RMSE: 8.4900 Test RMSE: 2.4027 Test R^2: 0.9979

Predictors selected for Dallas:

'BusinessConfidenceIndex','Credit Availability' 'GDP', 'Corp_debt', 'Treasury', 'mhi', 'HPI', 'MultiFamilyPermits'



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ARIMA Backtest

 $_{1} + \phi_{2}y_{t-2} + ... + \phi_{p}y_{t-p} + \theta_{1}\epsilon_{t-1}$





Predictors selected for Denver: 'SingleFamilyPermits', 'Treasury', 'CPI', 'unemployment', 'mhi', 'HPI', 'MultiFamilyPermits', 'retail auto'



Predictors selected for Miami: 'BusinessConfidenceIndex', 'GDP', 'Corp debt',

'unemployment', 'mhi', 'HPI', 'MultiFamilyPermits' 'Credit_Availability'

Predictors selected for San Diego: 'SingleFamilyPermits', 'CPI', 'GDP', 'mhi', 'HPI',

San Diego Correlation Heatma



Mortgage_Rat retailauto







Future Work

- Increase data frequency via advanced techniques.
- Explore more complex deep learning models beyond the GRU model that we set forth.
- Test additional regions with different features.
- Identify stronger industry-level data that can help with predictive modeling.
- Assess different methodologies for employing regime-switching models.